

Technical Data Sheet Recombinant Human Neurotrophin-4 (rHu NT-4)

Human Neurotropin-4

Neurotrophin-4 (NT-4), also known as NT-5, is a member of the NGF family of neuronal and epithelial growth factors. Neurotrophins have six conserved cysteine residues that are involved in the formation of three disulfide bonds. Human NT-4 shares 48 - 52% aa sequence identity with human beta-NGF, BDNF, and NT-3. It shares 91% and 95% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat NT-4/5, respectively. The mature protein is secreted as a homodimer and can also form heterodimers with BDNF or NT-3. NT-4 binds and induces receptor dimerization and activation of TrkB. NT-4 promotes the development and survival of selected peripheral and CNS neurons. NT-4 induced TrkB signaling augments NMDA receptor activity and increases neuronal sensitivity to excitotoxic cell death. It also promotes the proliferation of keratinocytes and accelerates hair follicle regression during the follicular cycle. NT-4 is secreted by activated T cells and granulocytes at sites of inflammation where it contributes to tissue regeneration.

Catalog Number:	RC218-15
Source:	Escherichia coli.
Molecular Weight:	28 kDa, a noncovalently linked homodimer of two 14.0 kDa polypeptide monomers
	(260 total amino acid residues).
Quantity:	2ug/10ug/1mg
Purity:	>97% by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
Biological Activity:	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. Determined by the dose-
	dependent induction of choline acetyl transferase activity in rat basal forebrain
	primary septal cell cultures was found to be in the range of 20-50 ng/ml.
Physical Appearance:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2µm filtered concentrated (0.5mg/ml) solution in 20mM PB,
AA Sequence:	pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl. GVSETAPASRRGELAVCDAVSGWVTDRRTAVDLRGREVEVLGEVPAAGGSP LRQYFFETRCKADNAEEGGPGAGGGGGCRGVDRRHWVSECKAKQSYVRAL TADAQGRVGWRWIRIDTACV CTLLSRTGRA
Endotoxin:	Less than $1EU/\mu g$ of rHuNT-4 as determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution:	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at \leq -20°C. Further dilutions should

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	be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
Storage:	This lyophilized preparation is stable at 2-8°C, but should be kept at -20°C for long
	term storage, preferably desiccated. Upon reconstitution, the preparation is stable
	for up to one week at 2-8°C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted
	preparation into working aliquots and store at -20°C to -70°C. Avoid repeated
	freeze/thaw cycles.
Usage:	This material is offered by Bio Basic Inc. for research, laboratory or further evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE .