

Product information

QF 24 V4
 V2 June 2020

RIPA Buffer I

Catalog #: PL005
Size: 10 ml / 5x10 ml
Storage: 25°C to -20°C*

*: Product will be shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store RIPA Buffer I at room temperature. Store Protease inhibitor buffer and Phosphatase inhibitor buffer at -20°C. Components will have a one year shelf life under these conditions.

Product Description:

RIPA Buffer I is one of the most reliable buffers that with strongest strength used to lyse cultured mammalian cells from both plated and pelleted cells to suspension cultures. This buffer enables protein extraction from cytoplasmic, membrane and nuclear proteins and is compatible with many applications, including reporter assays, protein assays, immunoassays and protein purification. The buffer is also supplied with additional protease inhibitor and phosphatase inhibitor buffer to maintain protein integrity and high biological activity. Depending on the downstream applications, additional agents such as reducing agents and/or EDTA, EGTA may be added into the RIPA Buffer I. 10ml of buffer is sufficient for 10×10^7 cells or 10x100mg tissue sample.

Storage and Transportation:

Transportation at room temperature. Upon receipt, store RIPA Buffer I at room temperature and keep Protease inhibitor buffer and Phosphatase inhibitor buffer at -20°C.

Contents:

Components	Size
RIPA Buffer I	10 ml
Protease Inhibitor Buffer	10 μ l
Phosphatase Inhibitor Buffer	50 μ l

Procedure:

A) Procedure for Lysing Cell Monolayer (Adherent) Cultures:

- Carefully remove culture medium from cells. Wash the cells once with ice cold PBS for three times.
- Add ice cold RIPA Buffer I (before use, add 1 μ l Protease inhibitor buffer and 5 μ l Phosphatase inhibitor buffer into 1 ml RIPA Buffer I) to the cells according to the table below and incubate on ice for 10 minutes with periodic mixing and uniform spreading, then pipette the mixture up and down to help lysis.

Plate Size/Surface Area	Volume of RIPA Buffer I
100 x 100 mm	500-1,000 μ l
100 x 60 mm	250-500 μ l
6-well plate	200-400 μ l per well
24-well plate	100-200 μ l per well

NOTE: For T-25 flask and T-75 flask, use 1 ml of ice cold RIPA Buffer I per 75 cm² flask containing 5×10^6 HeLa or A431 cells. Keep on ice for 5 minutes, swirl the plate occasionally. Gather the lysate to one side using a cell scraper, collect the lysate and transfer to a microcentrifuge tube. Centrifuge samples at $\sim 14,000$ g for 15 minutes to pellet the cell debris. To increase yields, sonicate the pellet for 30 seconds with 50% pulse.

3. Collect and transfer the lysate to a microcentrifuge tube and centrifuge at $\sim 13,000 \times g$ for 10 minutes to pellet the cell debris at 4°C .
4. Transfer supernatant to a new tube for protein concentration determination and further analysis.

B) Procedure for Lysing Cell Suspension Cultures:

1. Centrifuge the cell suspension at $1,000 \times g$ for 5 minutes to pellet the cells. Discard the supernatant.
2. Wash the cells once with ice cold PBS. Centrifuge at $1,000 \times g$ for 5 minutes to pellet cells.
3. Add ice cold RIPA Buffer I to the cell pellet. Use 500 μl of RIPA Buffer I (before use, add 1 μl Protease inhibitor buffer and 5 μl Phosphatase inhibitor buffer into 1ml RIPA Buffer I) for per 50 mg of wet cell pellet. Pipette the mixture up and down to suspend the pellet.

NOTE: If using a large amount of cells, first add 10% of the final volume of RIPA Buffer I to the pellet and pipette the mixture up and down to mix. Add the remaining volume of RIPA Buffer I to the cell suspension.

NOTE: To increase yields, sonicate the pellet for 30 seconds with 50% pulse.

4. Incubate lysate on ice for 15 minutes with periodic mixing. Remove cell debris by centrifugation at $\sim 13,000 \times g$ for 10 minutes at 4°C .
5. Transfer supernatant to a new tube for protein concentration determination and further analysis.

C) Procedure for Lysing Animal Tissue

1. For tissue sample, one extraction requires approximately 100mg of sample. Remove fat and nerve tissue at best, cut it into small pieces, and then wash them with pre-cold PBS for three times.
2. Add 1 ml ice cold RIPA Buffer I (before use, add 1 μl Protease inhibitor buffer and 5 μl Phosphatase inhibitor buffer into 1 ml RIPA Buffer I), vortex, homogenize them with glass homogenizer for 30-50 strokes or sonicate for 30 seconds at 1 minute intervals; repeat this process three times. Check the efficiency of the cell fracture to ensure more than 90 percent cells have been broken.
3. Transfer the above homogenization buffer into a new 1.5 ml pre-cold centrifuge tube. Place the tube on ice for ten minutes, occasionally vortexing 3-4 times, then centrifuge at $18000 \times g$ for 5 minutes at 4°C . Discard the precipitate and keep supernatant for IP assays, protein assays, reporter assays and other downstream procedures.

Additional Notes:

1. All reagents and instruments must be pre-chilled.
2. If protein concentration is low, please increase the number of strokes performed with the homogenizer.



PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR BASIC SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH ONLY.
NOT INTENDED FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL USE.