



Technical Data Sheet

Recombinant Protein A

Catalog Number:	PB0789
Source:	<i>Escherichia coli</i>
Molecular Weight:	Protein A is a cell wall component produced by several strains of <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> that consists of a single polypeptide chain and contains little or no carbohydrate. Recombinant Protein A is produced in <i>E.Coli</i> and functions essentially the same as native Protein A. It consists of 5 IgG-binding domains E-D-A-B-C aligned in series. It migrates with an apparent molecular mass of 45kDa in SDS-PAGE.
Quantity:	5mg/100mg/1.0g
Purity:	>95% by SDS-PAGE analyses.
A ₂₈₀ of 0.1% solution:	~0.165
Specificity:	The interaction between Protein A and IgG is not equivalent for all species. Even within a species, Protein A interacts with some subclasses of IgG and not others. For instance, human IgG ₁ , IgG ₂ and IgG ₄ bind strongly, while IgG ₃ does not bind. There are also many instances in which monoclonal antibodies do not bind to Protein A, especially the majority of rat immunoglobulins and mouse IgG ₁ .
Applications:	The Protein A molecule contains four high-affinity ($K_a = 10^8$ /mole) binding sites capable of interacting with the Fc region from IgG of several species including human and rabbit (Table 1). Optimal binding occurs a pH 8.2, although binding is also good at neutral or physiological conditions (pH 7.0-7.6).
Physical Appearance:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Formulation:	Lyophilized with no additive.
Endotoxin:	Less than 0.1EU/ug of Protein A as determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution:	Dissolve in distilled water or saline.
Storage:	2 years at -20°C. After reconstitution, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Usage:	This material is offered by for research, laboratory or further evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.