

Technical Data Sheet

Recombinant Human BCA-1 (rHu BCA-1/CXCL13)

Human CXCL13/BLC/BCA-1

CXCL13, also known as B-lymphocyte chemoattractant (BLC), is a CXC chemokine that is constitutively expressed in secondary lymphoid organs. BCA-1 cDNA encodes a protein of 109 amino acid residues with a leader sequence of 22 residues. Mature human BCA-1 shares 64% amino acid sequence similarity with the mouse protein and 23 - 34% amino acid sequence identity with other known CXC chemokines. Recombinant or chemically synthesized BCA-1 is a potent chemoattractant for B lymphocytes but not T lymphocytes, monocytes or neutrophils. BLR1, a G protein-coupled receptor originally isolated from Burkitt's lymphoma cells, has now been shown to be the specific receptor for BCA-1. Among cells of the hematopoietic lineages, the expression of BLR1, now designated CXCR5, is restricted to B lymphocytes and a subpopulation of T helper memory cells. Mice lacking BLR1 have been shown to lack inguinal lymph nodes. These mice were also found to have impaired development of Peyer's patches and defective formation of primary follicles and germinal centers in the spleen as a result of the inability of B lymphocytes to migrate into B cell areas

Catalog Number: RC312-24 Source: Escherichia coli.

Molecular Weight: 10.3 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 87 amino acids.

Quantity: 5ug/20ug/1mg

Purity: >97% by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

Biological Activity: Measured by its ability to chemoattract human CXCR5 transfected BaF3 mouse

pro-B cells. The ED50 for this effect is typically 0.005-0.02 μg/mL.

Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2μm filtered concentrated (0.5mg/ml) solution in 20mM PB,

pH 7.4, 100mM NaCl.

AA Sequence: VLEVYYTSLRCRCVQESSVFIPRRFIDRIQILPRGNGCPRKEIIVWKKNKSIVC

VDPQAEWIQRMMEVLRKRSSSTLPVPVFKRKIP

Endotoxin: Less than 1EU/µg of rHuBCA-1/CXCL13 as determined by LAL method.

Reconstitution: We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the

contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at \leq -20°C. Further dilutions should

be made in appropriate buffered solutions.



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Storage: This lyophilized preparation is stable at 2-8°C, but should be kept at -20°C for long

term storage, preferably desiccated. Upon reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-8°C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and store at -20°C to -70°C. **Avoid repeated**

freeze/thaw cycles.

Usage: This material is offered by Bio Basic Inc. for research, laboratory or further

evaluation purposes. **NOT FOR HUMAN USE**.